

## MATH 159 – HOMEWORK 9

This homework is not graded. All vector spaces are finite dimensional over  $F$ , unless otherwise stated.

- (1) (a) Find a  $2 \times 3$  matrix  $A$  and a  $3 \times 2$  matrix  $B$  such that  $AB = I_2$ .  
(b) Show that it's impossible to find a  $2 \times 3$  matrix  $A$  and a  $3 \times 2$  matrix  $B$  such that  $BA = I_3$ .
- (2) Find the inverses of the following matrices over  $\mathbb{R}$ :
  - (a)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ;
  - (b)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ;
  - (c)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ;
  - (d)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ ;
  - (e) The  $n \times n$  matrix with every entry below the diagonal being 0 and every entry above or on the diagonal being 1.
- (3) (See question 2 from last time). Let  $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  be reflection in the line  $y = 2x$ . Write down the matrix of  $T$  with respect to the ordered basis  $((1, 2), (-2, 1))$ . Use the change of basis formula to find the matrix of  $T$  with respect to the standard basis of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .
- (4) Find all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the following matrices:
  - (a)  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ ;
  - (b)  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ;
  - (c)  $\begin{pmatrix} -5 & 1 \\ 0 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ ;
  - (d)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .
- (5) (a) Show that, if  $T : V \rightarrow V$  is a linear map that has three different eigenvalues  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3$  with corresponding eigenvectors  $v_1, v_2, v_3$ , then  $v_1, v_2$  and  $v_3$  are linearly independent. *Hint: suppose that there is a linear combination of the eigenvectors that makes zero, and apply  $T$  to it.*  
(b) Show by induction that, if  $T : V \rightarrow V$  is a linear map with  $k$  distinct eigenvalues  $\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_k$  with corresponding eigenvectors  $v_1, \dots, v_k$ , then  $v_1, \dots, v_k$  are linearly independent.